# **OPTIMIZING YOUR FINANCIAL FUTURE**

POWERED BY GUROBI OPTIMIZATION





## INTRODUCTION



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## CONTENT





Mygoals is a Toronto, Canada based company that has built an entirely unique financial planning platform based on mixed integer optimization.

👾 🛛 We combine all sources of savings and income and prioritize how investors should accumulate and decumulate their wealth.

We designed the software to help as many Canadians as possible across all levels of income and assets.

We track and prioritize all your financial goals and help you achieve them all!

**We are now looking to grow our team.** 



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What we discovered has international implications and potential

Gurobi's technology was an essential building block for us.

### THINK OF US AT THE INTERSECTION OF ...



### BUILT FOR BOTH SPEED AND ACCURACY



## **SPEED**

Account prioritization are outputs rather than inputs

# ACCURACY

Our investor benchmarked mygoals versus other financial planning tools. Mygoals outperformed.

The more complex the plan, the more value we added

- CCPC
- Income splitting
- Complex cashflow analysis

### THEVALUE OF OPTIMIZATION

mygoals adds on average between 2 - 10% + PER ANNUM of post retirement, after-tax income for "most" naïve financial assumptions.

Mygoals typically adds 5% annually for simple plans and 20%+ annually for complex plans. Benchmarking performed by our angel investor independently.

General rules of thumb never apply.

### **RETIREMENT SAVING VEHICLES**



### **RETIREMENT SAVING VEHICLES**



Efficient income splitting with spouse – only available to retirees in Canada but can be split by all couples in the US

We optimize both accumulations while clients are working, and decumulations to fund retirement

Canada and US have "progressive tax regimes". As you earn more you pay a larger % in tax

### DEMO – SCENARIO EXAMPLE – GUROBI FAMILY



### DEMO – SCENARIO EXAMPLE – GUROBI FAMILY



- CPP: Not yet receiving, expecting full benefit
  OAS: Not yet receiving,
  - expecting full benefit

#### Retirement Plan:

Both want to retire at 65Plan a life expectancy of 95

**Desired Outcome:** • Maximize Retirement After Tax Income



Mean Returns: 4.53%Volatility: 8.51%

## DEMO – VALUE OF OPTIMIZATION

#### By solving the financial plan model with Gurobi for:

- The optimal cashflow withdrawal strategy
- The optimal age to elect and receiving government entitlements



#### By Optimizing with

Pre-Optimized Income

\$206,000



#### We found you an additional:

\$12,849 (6.24%) / year, risk free Over the duration of your retirement plan, optimization could save you a total of \$385,470

See how we did it

Optimized Income \$218,849

 $(\rightarrow)$ 

### HOW GUROBI SIMPLIFIES MODEL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



PIECEWISE LINEAR CONSTRAINT MIN/MAX CONSTRAINT

SOLVER CALLBACK

IRREDUCIBLE INCONSISTENT SUBSYSTEM (IIS)

#### HOW GUROBI SIMPLIFIES MODEL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS PIECEWISE LINEAR CONSTRAINT – WITHOUT GUROBI

We consistently use piecewise linear constraints in our model.

• One such example is to calculate the annual tax payable given a taxable income.



Annual Federal Tax

# HOW GUROBI SIMPLIFIES MODEL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

PIECEWISE LINEAR CONSTRAINT – WITHOUT GUROBI

For example:

- Let  $t_i$  be the taxable income, and  $f_i$  be the tax payable.
- Let  $b_1, b_2, ..., b_{n-1}$  be binary variables such that  $b_i \in \{0, 1\}$
- Let  $s_1, s_2, ..., s_{n-1}$  be segment variables such that  $s_i \in R$

We have t = [0, 1, 2, 3] and f = [0, 2, 6, 15]



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#### HOW GUROBI SIMPLIFIES MODEL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS PIECEWISE LINEAR CONSTRAINT – WITHOUT GUROBI

This piecewise linear function can be modelled with the following constraints:

•  $b_1 + b_2 + b_3 = 1$ 

•  $0 \le s_i \le b_i$  for i = 1, 2, 3

•  $t = t_1b_1 + (t_2 - t_1)s_1 + t_2b_2 + (t_3 - t_2)s_2 + t_3b_3 + (t_4 - t_3)s_3$ •  $t = 0 \cdot b_1 + (1 - 0)s_1 + 1b_2 + (2 - 1)s_2 + 2b_3 + (3 - 2)s_3$ •  $t = s_1 + b_2 + s_2 + 2b_3 + s_3$ 

•  $f = f_1b_1 + (f_2 - f_1)s_1 + f_2b_2 + (f_3 - f_2)s_2 + f_3b_3 + (f_4 - f_3)s_3$ •  $f = 0 \cdot b_1 + (2 - 0)s_1 + 2b_2 + (6 - 2)s_2 + 6b_3 + (15 - 6)s_3$ •  $f = 2s_1 + 2b_2 + 4s_2 + 6b_3 + 9s_3$ 

$$t_i = [0, 1, 2, 3]$$
 and  $f_i = [0, 2, 6, 15]$ 

Generic Number (not actual tax amount)



#### HOW GUROBI SIMPLIFIES MODEL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS PIECEWISE LINEAR CONSTRAINT – WITHOUT GUROBI

This piecewise linear function can be modelled with the following constraints:

- $b_1 + b_2 + b_3 = 1$
- $0 \leq s_1 \leq b_1$
- $0 \leq s_2 \leq b_2$
- $0 \leq s_3 \leq b_3$
- $t = s_1 + b_2 + s_2 + 2b_3 + s_3$
- $f = 2s_1 + 2b_2 + 4s_2 + 6b_3 + 9s_3$

 $t_i = [0, 1, 2, 3]$  and  $f_i = [0, 2, 6, 15]$ 

Generic Number (not actual tax amount)



# HOW GUROBI SIMPLIFIES MODEL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

PIECEWISE LINEAR CONSTRAINT – WITH GUROBI



model.addGenConstrPWL(xvar=t, yvar=f, xpts=[0, 1, 2, 3], ypts=[0, 2, 6, 15])

#### HOW GUROBI SIMPLIFIES MODEL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS MIN/MAX CONSTRAINT – WITHOUT GUROBI

We also employ min/max constraint in our model – for example  $z = \max(x, y)$ , where x, y are decision variables.

Without Gurobi, we would have to create the following set of constraints to achieve this:

- $x y \leq Mb$
- $y x \leq M(1-b)$
- $z \ge x$
- $z \ge y$
- $z \leq x + M(1-b)$
- $z \le y + Mb$

where b is a binary variable, and M is a constant such that x, y <= M in a reasonable solution to the problem.



#### HOW GUROBI SIMPLIFIES MODEL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS MIN/MAX CONSTRAINT – WITH GUROBI



#### HOW GUROBI SIMPLIFIES MODEL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS SOLVER CALLBACK

Gurobi callbacks can be used both to monitor the progress of the optimization, obtain various information about the progress, and to modify the behavior of the Gurobi optimizer as well.

Gurobi Optimizer version 9.5.1 build v9.5.1rc2 (win64) Thread count: 8 physical cores, 16 logical processors, using up to 16 threads Optimize a model with 5219 rows, 6975 columns and 15375 nonzeros Model fingerprint: 0x2b8465a4 Model has 1925 general constraints Variable types: 6975 continuous, 0 integer (0 binary) Coefficient statistics: Matrix range [6e-04, 2e+00] Objective range [1e+00, 1e+04] Bounds range [2e+06, 3e+06] RHS range [5e+01, 6e+05] PWLCon x range [0e+00, 2e+05] PWLCon y range [0e+00, 5e+04] Presolve added 0 rows and 1591 columns Presolve removed 422 rows and 0 columns Presolve time: 0.09s Presolved: 4797 rows, 8566 columns, 26618 nonzeros Presolved model has 399 SOS constraint(s) Variable types: 7877 continuous, 689 integer (689 binary)

Root relaxation: objective 6.744505e+06, 8898 iterations, 0.88 seconds (1.57 work units)

Nodes		Cu	rrent Node	I	Objective	Bounds			Work	C
Expl Unexpl	1	Obj	Depth IntInf	I	Incumbent B	estBd	Gap	L	It/Node	Time

0	0	6744504.79	0	238	- 6744504.79	-	-	1s
0	0	6744181.72	0	238	- 6744181.72	-	-	2s
0	2	6744181.72	0	238	- 6744181.72	-	-	2s
2552	2637	6657749.47	144	136	- 6729870.91	-	16.7	5s
7542	5100	6673523.28	72	582	- 6729870.91	-	11.5	12s
7545	5105	6729870.91	14	502	- 6729870.91	-	2.3	17s
8862	6072	6687445.52	61	508	- 6729870.91	-	4.8	20s
11329	7537	6671491.54	176	324	- 6729870.91	-	6.3	27s
12401	8170	6675055.48	97	444	- 6729870.91	-	7.5	30s
13036	8487	6672731.55	114	413	- 6729870.91	-	10.9	35s
15942	10302	6669916.25	421	147	- 6729870.91	-	11.3	40s
19517	12491	6669965.15	104	431	- 6729870.91	-	10.5	45s
		Improved so	lutio	on of	100.0% found at 48s			
×21313	11149		615	66	65311.7722 6729870.91	0.97%	10.5	48s

Explored 21330 nodes (320229 simplex iterations) in 48.04 seconds (64.64 work units) Thread count was 16 (of 16 available processors)

Solution count 1: 6.66531e+06

Optimal solution found (tolerance 5.00e-02) Best objective 6.665311772207e+06, best bound 6.729870908421e+06, gap 0.9686%

User-callback calls 48807, time in user-callback 0.13 sec \*\*\* Termination Status \*\*\* OPTIMAL

### HOW GUROBI SIMPLIFIES MODEL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS IRREDUCIBLE INCONSISTENT SUBSYSTEM (IIS)

An IIS is a subset of constraints and variable bounds with the properties that, it is still infeasible and if a single constraint or bound is removed, then the subsystem becomes feasible.

While developing the model, we sometime run into situation where the model is infeasible.

Since our model is large, it is difficult to analyze where/what went wrong. Gurobi **computelIS()** functionality provides an easy way to deal with this.

Simple sample output of **computellS()**:

```
\ LP format - for model browsing. Use MPS format to capture full model detail.
Maximize
```

```
Subject To
    client_required_additional_saving_capacity_constraint_2027:
        client_required_additional_savings[2027] = 0
Bounds
        client_required_additional_savings[2027] >= 1
End
```

## Q & A

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